ADAL

AUTOMATIC DETECTION OF ABATTOIR LESIONS

New vision-based technologies

Andrea Capobianco Dondona, CEO

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Current state of art of meat inspection

- The veterinarians serving the slaughter chain manually perform lesions scoring and other assessments.
- This is a time-consuming and **repetitive activity**
- No standardised procedure and inconsistencies among different abattoirs.



LUNG SCORING SYSTEM IN USE

- Madec's grid: each lobe is inspected and palpated, divided into quarters and scored from 0 to 4 points regardless of its size.
- Madec's grid is usually combined with a method to account for each lobe volume.

Limitation of traditional and current systems



Postmortem evaluations at slaughterhouses are outdated and inherently flawed



Potential and Advantages of Computer Vision Systems (CVSs)

- **Digital transformation of MI** enhances <u>quality</u>, efficacy, and feedback to farmers
- CVSs support risk-based meat inspection by accurately detecting lesions, abnormalities, and contamination
- Greater consistency and speed compared to human inspectors, reducing intra- and inter-rater variation
- Facilitates trace-back systems, outbreak investigations, and recall of food batches
- <u>Remote AM and PM inspections are possible</u>, improving efficiency and access
- Enables efficient reporting of findings from inspections and facilitates food chain information (FCI) exchange
- <u>Contributes to reducing food waste</u> through **improved partial condemnation capabilities**
- Harmonized detection and condemnation criteria can lead to fairer economic outcomes
 for livestock producers
- Supports future integration of new technologies in risk-based meat safety assurance systems (RB-MSAS)



Farm4trade



The ADAL system is the *first automated image acquisition and analysis system* based on Artificial Intelligence (AI) capable of objectively identifying and quantifying the lesions of slaughtered animals in real time. *ADAL Technology innovates the animal inspection process at the slaughterhouse by introducing automated quantified risk assessment tools.*



ADAL How it works

We have developed an automatic imaging acquisition system capable of recognizing and evaluating lesions on slaughtered animals. The data acquired by a Robot and processed by the IA Software are made available locally and remotely through the ADAL Web platform.



Current application



ReaDOP

A flexible and safe automation solution for streamlining operations at the slaughterhouse



ReaDOP is an automated animal tattoo code reading system supporting realtime traceability of hams in the supply chain. It can digitally read the producer's code on each pig.

ReaDOP technology has been developed to be able to fulfill the requirements set by Italian Ham Consortiums (Prosciutto di Parma and San Daniele)



ADAL A complete system

To fully express its potential and accomplish the tasks mentioned, the ADAL system needs different robotic stations capable of continuously identifying each animal with the batch of origin and associating the results of all the analysis carried on each animal



ADAL Web Platform

Allows the complete and centralized management of all the analysis carried out by the workstations on each individual and on batch of animals.











Veterinarians will have access to double verification of annotated images. If they disagree with the

analysis, they can decide to exclude it from the stats.

All actions can be performed using a keyboard



ADAL REMOTE (Swine Pneumonia)	ACME Farm inc. ~							L	¢ª II	\$	
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Fetch latest local photo captures											
	Comments										
	Date/Time User	Role		Comment							

Farmers, Slaughterhouses and all final users will be allowed to add important information to the batch of images, such as general animal data, health history and others.

Such information can be acquired by automatic integration with animal management systems, national databases, etc...

Advantages

The technology, in addition to produce benefits in terms of improving the working conditions of the operators involved along the slaughtering chain, has the following advantages compared to traditional methods of detecting pathologies at the slaughterhouse:



ADAL EyeAM Project

<u>On September 04, 2022,</u> Farm4Trade launched the first pilot project of ADAL technology in the FatLand slaughterhouse in Norway, within the innovative meat inspection project at the slaughterhouse called EyeAM and funded by "The Research Council of Norway".

Actually the **ADAL robot** is performing the task of halfcarcasses pictures acquisition and evaluation in order to detect pleurisy prevalence in slaughtered pigs.

In coming months we will test the technology on lungs to detect and assess pneumonia for which an automated scoring system has been already developed (see DEMO)



ADAL NEXT STEPS

We aim to expand the fields of application of the technology developed to other pathologies both of health interest and related to animal welfare. The first ones we have started to work on are the following:



Skin Lesions

Evaluating skin lesions, which can be of infectious or traumatic origin, helps to provide information on the welfare of animals on farm, during transport and during slaughtering operations. These injuries can significantly affect product quality and processing, with repercussions on the productivity and profitability of the entire supply chain.



Liver lesions

Evaluating and assigning a score to parasitic hepatitis which is the main parasitic pathology found in intensive pig breeding is one of the best indicators of the health status within livestock farms.



Current Applications and Future Perspectives of CVSs in MI

- **CVSs** <u>primarily support inspection in poultry</u>, with potential for expansion to bovines and pigs
- EU Regulation 2017/625 encourages the adoption of new technologies in meat inspection, subject to member state approval
- High-speed processing challenges addressed by CVSs, enabling more accurate and consistent inspections
- Minimizes human inspector fatigue and ensures reliable inspection for extended periods
- Increased **uniformity** in inspection findings and condemnation criteria benefits livestock producers
- Technological advancements to enable individual carcass tracing and routine handling of different meat categories
- Investigating the efficacy of CVSs in detecting lesions and carcass contamination for bovines, pigs, and broiler chickens
- Exploration of remote inspection capabilities through augmented reality and live-stream video software
- Continuous development of CVS technologies to improve meat inspection and align with evolving legislation



Two journal articles

Training Convolutional Neural Networks to Score Pneumonia in Slaughtered Pigs <u>Animals</u> vol. 11, article 3290 (2021)

Scoring pleurisy in slaughtered pigs using convolutional neural networks <u>Veterinary Research</u> vol. 51, article 51 (2020)

Online Live demo



Photo capture robot





Contact



Andrea Capobianco Dondona CEO – Founder andrea@farm4trade.com



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